Laurent GRANIER 1999 S. Bascom Avenue, Ste 700 CAMPBELL, CA 95008 Phone : 310 663 1519 Plaintiff, self-represented	
	Γ OF CALIFORNIA SANTA CRUZ
Laurent GRANIER.	Case No : CV180228
Plaintiff, vs.	• ANSWER and OPPOSITION to « NOTICE OF AND DEMURRER TO COMPLAINT ;
Scott STOCKER, , et al. Defendants.	 MEMORANDUM OF POINTS & AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF ANSWER and OPPOSITION ; EXHIBITS.
	For the hearing Date : January 27, 2015 Time : 08:30 am Dept. : 5
Attorney representing Defendants Scott STOCKE and Andrew WHITMAN : Christopher E. SCHUMB (CSBN 116828) 10 Almaden Blvd Ste 1250 San Jose, CA 95113	R, DE LAVEAGA MOTORS Inc., Joey MOCCIA
« NOTICE OF AND DEMURRER TO COM AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF DEMURRER Defendants Scott STOCKER, DE LAVEAGA	RECORD FOR EACH PARTY : er will pleaded on January 27, 2015 regarding the MPLAINT, MEMORANDUM OF POINTS & R » written, claimed and filed by the attorneys of MOTORS Inc., Joey MOCCIA and Andrew
signed the 17 th of november 2014 by Christopher I For the hearing of the 27 th of january 2014, 08:30 a	
perjuries, in order to deprive Plaintiff of his Cir he is yet, being a double victim, which will give The motion and demurrer is not supported by an But the present answer and opposition demons by a proof of one of their lies, about their com- complaint, which is really quite the opposite r testified about (exhibit 1 and 2). Otherwise, the contract of consignment (exhibit 3) which is defendants. And more, the dishonesty of defended	ny proof. trates the absolute dishonesty of the adverse party sideration on the so-called unintelligible plaintiff's nature, thanks to two honest and fair persons who he dishonesty of defendants is also shown by the s under strict laws which are not respected by dants is also shown by the excessive price (exhibit
	 1999 S. Bascom Avenue, Ste 700 CAMPBELL, CA 95008 Phone : 310 663 1519 Plaintiff, self-represented SUPERIOR COUR COUNTY OF Laurent GRANIER, Plaintiff, vs. Scott STOCKER, , et al. Defendants. Scott STOCKER, , et al. Defendants. Attorney representing Defendants Scott STOCKE and Andrew WHITMAN : Christopher E. SCHUMB (CSBN 116828) 10 Almaden Blvd Ste 1250 San Jose, CA 95113 TO EACH PARTY AND TO THE COUNSEL OF PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the present answer « NOTICE OF AND DEMURRER TO COM AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF DEMURRER Defendants Scott STOCKER, DE LAVEAGA WHITMAN, signed the 17th of november 2014 by Christopher H For the hearing of the 27th of january 2014, 08:30 a The motion and demurrer presented by the perjuries, in order to deprive Plaintiff of his Cri he is yet, being a double victim, which will giv The motion and demurrer is not supported by a But the present answer and opposition demoss by a proof of one of their lies, about their con complaint, which is really quite the opposite r testified about (exhibit 1 and 2). Otherwise, t contract of consignment (exhibit 3) which i

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1 2 3	defendants took advantage on Plaintiff, who has not his car since several months, even knowing where it is since then. Time works for defendants, Plaintiff being deprived of his property.
4	Conclusion.
5	Motion and demurrer of the adverse party can not be granted, and defendants have to pay for the
6	damages they caused and are causing to Plaintiff by their abuse of process.
	damages mey caused and are causing to rhamtin by men abuse of process.
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8	The 12 th of january 2015,
9	Laurent GRANIER, Plaintiff, self-represented
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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS & AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT of ANSWER and OPPOSITION

Preamble.

The main problem came from the unlawful and dishonest behaviour and act of Scott STOCKER, owner and manager of « DE LAVEAGA Motors Inc. » located in Santa Cuz.

6 About Andrew WHITMAN and Joey MOCCIA, their last behaviour is to be united, together as 7 one, with Scott STOCKER, despite the fact they are sued on different levels of responsibility and 8 cause. A response quite the opposite of honest people, of people having made a mistake, or not 9 knowing the « activities » of Scott STOCKER. It is difficult to understand how a car dealer selling 10 common cars, is able to pay the rental of a nice and great store, the salary of several employees, tax, 11 insurance, and by the same time, has a one million dollars house, an expensive Ferrari, and can pay a 12 brand new PORSCHE GT3 of \$200.000...

13 It is difficult to explain that the collaboration between Scott STOCKER, Andrew WHITMAN and 14 Joey MOCCIA is limited only to a normal business of a car dealer, when we know yet that Andrew 15 WHITMAN has a flight license...

16 Indeed, if Andrew WHITMAN and Joey MOCCIA were honest, they could easily show their good 17 faith by being apart from Scott STOCKER in this lawsuit, instead to show a new demonstration of 18 their full collusion for a criminal act.

The main and interesting question is : Why all those defendants are together as one with ScottSTOCKER if they were not deeply involved in his business ?

If Plaintiff was wrong, Scott STOCKER would have nothing to fear, and his friends, Andrew
 WHITMAN and Joey MOCCIA would have nothing to fear too for him.

There are two reasons for their unlawful behaviour. First, because Scott STOCKER is guilty, and those defendants know it. And second, because they have something to lose if Scott STOCKER has legal troubles in his business, and something else to win if Scott STOCKER has no trouble in his business. In one word : COLLUSION.

27 All the behaviours of those defendants, even their last one with their kind of defense by demurrers 28 based on false, fake and wrong allegations, together as one against Plaintiff, is for the benefit of the 29 main responsible, Scott STOCKER, as he was a normal guy. He is not. Scott STOCKER is a real 30 criminal, not because he screwed, blackmailed and lied to Plaintiff, and stole his car, but because he 31 has criminal and arrest records, because he is part of the local mob, because he is close, even the 32 right-hand man of the local mob boss, Bruce CANEPA, who owns the building of « De LAVEAGA Motors Inc. »... A criminal organization which "worked" and works in an organized trafficking of 33 34 stolen car, associated with a laundering money for other « extra » activities, with the help of a 35 corruption network made of some persons in some administrations... And Scott J. STOCKER is not the only one criminal in his family, his brother has the same « abilities » and « skills ». And many 36 37 other close and/or relative persons, too.

Anyway, the answer of those persons by their demurrer based on false, wrong, fake and incomplete argumentation, demonstrates without any doubt the corruption of authorities, and so, the federal jurisdiction applies.

In addition, regarding the involvement of a criminal person being a part of a mob, a criminal organization, the federal jurisdiction applies.

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DEMONSTRATION OF NULLITY

45 **1. ANSWERS about the « DEMURRER » pleaded by Defendants :**

About the demurrers for the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eight, ninth
 and tenth causes of action claimed under the same point considering « fails to state facts
 sufficient to constitute a cause of action and is unintelligible » :

49 **Answer from Plaintiff** :

3 /9 pages

4687 words, 27378characters. ANSWER and OPPOSITION to « NOTICE OF AND DEMURRER TO COMPLAINT » 1 1. This affirmative defense is not enough explicit and accurate to be kept and considered as an 2 essential and indisputable point for a demurrer.

3 2. Regarding corruption and organized trafficking, federal laws have to be considered. So, no
4 one demurrer can be considered on this point.

5 3. The fact that the attorney of defendants considers the pleadings concerning their clients, as 6 *« unintelligible »* is only based on his own limits of abilities for interpretation and understanding, 7 within the limits of his education, his culture, his honesty, his intelligence.

8 In anyway but in case of mental health or mental deficiency, a defendant or his attorney can not 9 claim such a demurrer.

10 If a defendant does not get the intellectual ability and/or the legal knowledge, or even not enough, 11 he has the right to be helped and represented by an attorney. The fact for a defendant to choose a 12 moron, or a stupid, or a dishonest, or simply an attorney limited by his own intellectual ability and/or 13 legal knowledage, can not be a claim for a demurrer, because the choice is under the only 14 responsibility of the defendant.

15 If the defendant's representative, attorney or anyone else, admits his own intellectual limits, and/or 16 legal knowledge ones, defendant has just to change of representative.

17 The fact that a defendant or plaintiff representative, an attorney/lawyer, expresses his own lack of 18 intelligence and/or knowledge in legal can not be a claim for any demurrer.

In addition, and it is important, if the causes of action are « *unintelligible* », why defendants and/or defendant's representative claim this point for nullity, because in this case if it was true, it is in their only favor, and so, none of them has anything to fear in a court, and in front of a jury...

22 So, no one demurrer can be considered on this point.

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• About the demurrers for the eleventh cause of Action claimed by the same point considering « fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action and is unintelligible and fails to state whether the alleged contract is written, is oral or implied by conduct » :

Answer from Plaintiff :

This affirmative defense is not enough explicit and accurate to be kept and considered as an
 essential and indisputable point for a demurrer.

The fact that the attorney of defendants considers the pleadings concerning their clients, as *« unintelligible »* is only based on his own limits of abilities for interpretation and understanding, within the limits of his education, his culture, his honesty, his intelligence.

In anyway but in case of mental health or mental deficiency, a defendant or his attorney can notclaim such a demurrer.

36 If a defendant does not get the intellectual ability and/or the legal knowledge, or even not enough, he

37 has the right to be helped and represented by an attorney. The fact for a defendant to choose a moron,

38 or a stupid, or a dishonest, or simply an attorney limited by his own intellectual ability and/or legal

- knowledage, can not be a claim for a demurrer, because the choice is under the only responsibility ofthe defendant.
- 41 If the defendant's representative, attorney or anyone else, admits his own intellectual limits, and/or 42 legal knowledge ones, defendant has just to change of representative.
- 42 The fact that a defendant or plaintiff representative, an attorney/lawyer, expresses his own lack of
- 44 intelligence and/or knowledge in legal can not be a claim for any demurrer.
- 45 In addition, and it is important, if the causes of action are « *unintelligible* », why defendants and/or
- 46 defendant's representative claim this point for nullity, because in this case if it was true, it is in their 47 only favor, and so, none of them has anything to fear in a court, and in front of a jury...
- 48 So, no one demurrer can be considered on this point.
- 49 3. About the contract :

4 /9 pages

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Anyway, the so-called contract, signed by Plaintiff with the so-called company « De LAVEAGA Motors Inc.» under the responsibility of Scott STOCKER, is, without the shadow of doubt, null and void by its nature. The contract of consignment is presented under 4 the exhibit 3 which is under strict laws which are not respected by defendants. So, Defendants are against the Law, and against « Department of Motor Vehicles » (DMV) laws, which has the duty of the regulation of car dealers, and especially about « consignment » cases. Instead of this, defendants took advantage on Plaintiff, who has not his car since several months, even knowing where it is since then. Time works for defendants, Plaintiff being deprived of his property. So, like Scott STOCKER committed deliberately serious 10 offenses about the contract, no one demurrer can be considered on this point.

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2. ANSWERS about « MEMORANDUM OF POINTS and AUTHORITIES » :

About the « Statement of Facts », paragraph « 1 » : ٠

Answer, demurrer from Plaintiff :

1. This affirmative defense is only based on fake allegations and lies, and so, it can not be kept 15 16 and considered as an essential and indisputable point for the use of a demurrer.

The so-called contract (exhbit 3), signed by Plaintiff with the so-called company « De 17 2. 18 LAVEAGA Motors Inc. » under the responsibility of Scott STOCKER, presented by the latter, is 19 without the shadow of doubt, a contract null and void by its nature, and above all, is against the Law, 20 and against « Department of Motor Vehicles » (DMV) which has the duty of the regulation of car 21 dealers, and especially about « consignment » cases. So, like Scott STOCKER committed 22 deliberately serious offenses about the contract, no one demurrer can be considered on this point.

23 Plaintiff asked for his car several times before the 09th of october 2014. Scott STOCKER's 3. accomplice, Andrew WHITMAM, lied to Plaintiff, claiming he had a client wanting to buy the car, 24 and said to Plaintiff to come back later to pick up the check. Plaintiff came the 09th of october 2014 25 to pick up the car because Andrew WHITMAN revealed to him that he did not sell the car. 26

27 Scott STOCKER put the car for sale at \$35,900 (exhibit 4), so, almost the double of the price asked by Plaintiff (\$20,000), and so, the fault not to have sold the car is only on the total 28 29 responsibility of Scott STOCKER.

30 5. Scott STOCKER never sent any mail to Plaintiff to warn him about storage fees, and let alone 31 to pick up his car.

32 Scott STOCCKER threatened Plaintiff when he tried to get his car back, the 10th of october 6. 33 2014, and his criminal behaviour was the reason for what Plaintiff went to police to get help, and so, 34 discovered the corruption of local police, protecting the unlawful acts of Scott STOCCKER.

35 7. Plaintiff recorded his discussion with Andrew WHITMAN and the one with Scott STOCKER. 36

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About the « Legal Discussion », paragraph « 2 » :

Nota bene : It is interesting to mention that Scott STOCKER's attorney and the ones of the other 39 40 defendants, City of SANTA CRUZ, SANTA CRUZ POLICE DEPARTMENT, Lynn ROBINSON, 41 Don LANE, Patty HAYMOND, Nathan VASQUEZ and Kevin VOGEL, are using the same 42 dishonest strategy together as one, and even the same words « ambiguous », « incomprehensible » 43 and « *unintelligible* ».

- 44 1. The fact that the attorney of defendants considers the pleadings concerning their clients, as 45 « unintelligible », or « ambiguous », or « incomprehensible », or « indecipherable », is only 46 based on his own limits of abilities for interpretation and understanding, within the limits of 47 his education, his culture, his honesty, his intelligence.
- In anyway but in case of mental health or mental deficiency, a defendant or his attorney can 48 49 not claim such a demurrer.

5 /9 pages

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- 1 If a defendant does not get the intellectual ability and/or the legal knowledge, or even not 2 enough, he has the right to be helped and represented by an attorney. The fact for a defendant 3 to choose a moron, or a stupid, or a dishonest, or simply an attorney limited by his own 4 intellectual ability and/or legal knowledage, can not be a claim for a demurrer, because the 5 choice is under the only responsibility of the defendant.
- 6 If the defendant's representative, attorney or anyone else, admits his own intellectual limits, 7 and/or legal knowledge ones, defendant has just to change of representative.
- 8 The fact that a defendant or plaintiff representative, an attorney/lawyer, expresses his own 9 lack of intelligence and/or knowledge in legal can not be a claim for any demurrer.
- In addition, and it is important, if the causes of action are *« unintelligible »*, why defendants and/or defendant's representative claim this point for nullity, because in this case if it was true, it is in their only favor, and so, none of them has anything to fear in a court, and in front of a jury...
 - So, no one demurrer can be considered on this point.
- Even it is a proof of lack of intelligence, the fact of using a jurisprudence example and/or reference, or using an article of law, does not spare the person to give an explanation, a real one in order to demonstrate that the present case is perfectly the same than the one used as example.
- 19 A quick remember about the Use of jurisprudence, legal precedents :
- A jurisprudence is a way for a legal system to avoid officially the possibility of a situation showing the ridiculous of its « mechanism » and so, the loss of its credibility, by the fact to have given two different judgements, two different sentences for a same kind of case.
- Using legal precedents is not a simple way, but has rules, even it is mainly used by chimpanzees, or people having no brain, nor intelligence, nor knowledge in legal, indeed, by people having none real argument to fight the adverse party. Above all, the person using legal precedents, because he is not able indeed to find any real argument by himself, has to show, demonstrate and prove the perfect similarity between « his » case and the one taken as reference. Using legal precendents is not just like to toss a dog a bone.
- Otherwise, we can not accept the fact that absolutely all judgements, all sentences are fair and honest. In addition, a judgement from a new case can break a jurisprudence, and can become a new one, replacing the prior one.
- 32 Defendants failed with those obligations.
- 33 So, no one demurrer can be considered on this point.
- 34 3. Using just the reference number of an article of Law is not an explanation.
- In addition, using an article of Law is not a simple way, because it has rules. Even this way as is, is mainly used by chimpanzees, or people having no brain, nor intelligence, nor knowledge in legal, indeed, by people having none real argument to fight the adverse party, the person using an article of Law has to show, demonstrate and prove this « reference » as appropriate by the perfect accurate correlation between « his » case and the article of Law.
- 40 Using an article of Law is not just like to toss a dog a bone.
- 41 So, no one demurrer can considered on this point.
- 42 4. Defendants' attorney claims a Code of Civil Procedure without to be more specific about
 43 which one, about the year of its publication, about its validity, about his jurisdiction city,
 44 state, country. So, no one demurrer can be considered on this point.
- 45 5. Defendants' attorney claims that Plaintiff's complaint is « *ambiguous »*, « *incomprehensible »*,
 46 « *unintelligible »*, « *uncertain »*, and even « *indecipherable »*, which is a lie, a fake
 47 declaration.
- 48 Plaintiff is only talking about honesty, justice, fairness, open-mindedness, indeed about 49 notions of high-mindedness and noble spirit, so, it is obviously normal that defendants and

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- their attorneys, being the quite opposite, can not understand, and find his declaration as *ambiguous and incomprehensible* », even *« unintelligible* ». It is only a question about their
 own intellectual low level and lack of rectitude, and not a lack from Plaintiff. So, no one
 demurrer can be considered on this point without to be a violation of Civil Rights.
- 5 Defendants' attorney does not show and demonstrate the reality about their so-called 6 consideration as « unintelligible ». Indeed, it seems that defendants do not know the real and 7 precise definition of this word. So, no one demurrer can be considered on this point.
- 8 Plaintiff's complaint is written with 11941 words, so, around 1200 sentences with an average 9 of 10 words by sentence. Defendants's attorney dares without joking, to claim that all words, 10 all the 1200 sentences are unintelligible. This is pretty impossible. But the though-minded 11 explanation shows that the problem of understanding comes only from the defendants 12 themselves, from their own limits in moral sense. So, no one demurrer can be considered on 13 this point. Otherwise, Exhibits 1 and 2 provided by Plaintiff, are two affidavits from two 14 persons who certified that the text is readable, understanable and logical.
- 15 6. Regarding criminal offenses, the complaint is mainly against the persons, against Scott 16 STOCKER, Andrew WHITMAN and Joey MOCCIA, and so, despite the fact that Defendants's attorney demonstrates his lack of intelligence, honesty and good faith by talking 17 about « De Laveaga Motors Inc. » A company does not commit crime, only people. Plaintiff's 18 19 complaint is written under this understanding about Defendants : « as individual, and as... ». 20 A coma has a sense in a sentence. But, Defendants' attorney seems to have no knowledge about it, and so, we can find there, the explanation why he is not able to understand the 21 22 subtlety of Plaintiff's complaint.
- 7. The present point concerns the claim without proof by the attorney of defendants considering
 the pleadings concerning their clients, is *« unintelligible », or « ambiguous », or « incomprehensible », or « indecipherable ».*
 - It has been previously demonstrated that this point can not be considered because it is only based on the claiming party's own limits of abilities for interpretation and understanding, within the limits of his education, his culture, his honesty, his intelligence, and so, can not prove that this allegation is true.
 - It has been previously demonstrated that this point, even if it was true, is an advantage for the defendant in a trial, and so it can not be claimed previously as a problem for his defense.
 - So, the present complement concerns an indisputable point in order to erase any doubt about this question on the quality of the text of Plaintiff's complaint.
 - So, it is provided two testimonies, two notarized affidavits by two independants persons,
 - 1. Affidavit from Michael PALMIERI, notarized the 02nd of december, 2015
 - 2. Affidavit from Bree J. SCHUETTE, notarized the 28th of november, 2014.
- Both declare that Plaintiff's complaint is fully readable and understandable. In
 addition, it is even demonstrated, despite the allegations of the adverse party, that it
 «follows a path of logic ».
- 40So, it is demonstrated that the allegations of the defendant's attorney are indeed, lies, a41perjury, or at least, that they can not be accepted because wrong.
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CONCLUSIONS

- In conclusion, the question, and so the answer about the validity of the complaint does not remain to Defendants but to the jury.
- No demurrer from the adverse party can be accepted without being a violation of Civil Rights, ofPlaintiff's civil rights.
- 49 This way to claim demurrers by using a single fake, false and wrong argument wihtout any

7 /9 pages

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1 demonstration, any example, is not acceptable.

Their only way of defense is about a single so-called technical issue which shows without any doubt that defendants have no one argument about the case itself, and about heir justification of their unlawful behaviour. Just for this, the presence of Andrew WHITMAN and Joey MOCCIA in the case is definitively justified.

6 A jury can understand what those defendants are trying to do, like a jury can understand what 7 Plaintiff claims and wrote, and this is the main priority and purpose of the complaint, and the answer 8 made by a jury will be the final proof that the complaint is not « unintelligible » nor 9 « incomprehensible ».

And, if it was really the case that the complaint is a total nonsense, defendants have nothing to fear of a trial, and its jury. And so, Defendants and defendant's representative would have not a reason to claim this point for nullity, because if it was true, it is only in their favor, their advantage, and so, they could win in a court, and in front of a jury...

14 Claiming not to understand does not prove that the text is unintelligible, or incomprehensible. It 15 proves only the own intellectual limits of the person who claims this, in knowledge and/or 16 intelligence.

Morons always try to make believe to people they are smart by explaining simple things by an as complicated as possible manner, when smart people try to say, to explain complicated things under the easier way. Attorneys always use complicated ways to try to justify the money they take from their clients. Plaintiff is not an attorney, he is honest, and smart.

When it comes Truth, only bad people need an explanation, a demonstration, which is obviously useless « thanks » to their bad faith and dishonesty.

When it comes Truth, good people do not need an explanation, a demonstration because they are able by themselves to know, to understand what is wrong, just by the facts, because their moral values are anchored in their soul and heart. Plaintiff's complaint demonstrations are for those bad people because Law requires to do it. If they are not able to understand, or rather, if they claim to do not, it is their own problem.

28 Semantics knowledge gives the ability to understand the subtl difference between « to be » and 29 « to be considered as» which is commonly used by a simplier way under the only word « as ».

All defendants are completely devoid of moral sense and of moral values. It is the only reason why they are not able to understand, and why they don't understand. Not because the text is « unintelligible ».

33 And sure, they will not able to understand the present answer.

Indeed, their ridiculous way to claim this point which is a total nonsense as aforesaid, is rather an absolute proof that all of them have fully understood what Plaintiff declares and claims, and so, explains why they can only claim this absurd point about an unfair local law.

37 Regarding federal offenses, none city or state Law can be used as reference.

The question is : What have Andrew WHITMAN and Joey MOCCIA and their attorneys, to lose if they were not honest ? Or to win...

In conclusion, their common single claim is a fanciful and ridiculous defense, which shows the quite opposite of what they are trying to show and to do, and above all, the fact they have fully understood the risk of a jury trial by trying to avoid it... It is the common and only way of bad people.

And the final question is : Has Plaintiff to file a complaint at a Federal Court, and to show the involvement of more people, in order to recover his civil rights, and money for only payment of all damages he is suffering ?

To finish, the dishonesty of defendants is also shown by the contract of consignment (exhibit 3) which is under strict laws which are not respected by defendants. And more, the dishonesty of defendants is also shown by the excessive price (exhibit 4) asked by defendants, almost the double

8 /9 pages

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than the one asked by Plaintiff. Instead of this, defendants took advantage on Plaintiff, who has not
his car since several months, even knowing where it is since then. Time works for defendants,
Plaintiff being deprived of his property.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF.

Plaintiff, in order to respect his Civil Rights and his request for a jury trial for which he has yet paid
the advance fees, requests from the Court to order and declare :

8 1. To dismiss the motion of demurrer of the adverse party because it is null and void by the fact 9 it contains numerous lacks of legality ;

10 2. To dismiss the motion of demurrer of the adverse party because it is null and void by the fact 11 it contains and it is based on deliberate fake and wrong allegations, distortion of the truth, lies and 12 perjuries ;

3. To dismiss the motion of demurrer of the adverse party because it is unclear, uncertain, and it
does not state any points by its lack of proof;

4. To dismiss the motion of demurrer of the adverse party because it is a deliberate obstruction
of justice causing damages on Plaintiff;

5. To dismiss the motion of demurrer of the adverse party because it is a deliberate abuse ofprocess causing damages on Plaintiff;

19 6. To dismiss the motion of demurrer of the adverse party because it is a violation of Plaintiff's
20 Civil Rights to get a fair trial, to get payment for his damages ;

7. That Defendants have to pay to Plaintiff the sum of \$100,000 for pain and suffering ;

8. That Defendants have to pay to Plaintiff the sum of \$15,000 for all costs of suit incurred herein; and for such other and further relief as deemed just and proper.

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25 The 12th of january 2015,

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29 Laurent GRANIER, Plaintiff, self-represented